Pages 1 - 35 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA Before The Honorable James Donato, Judge DANIEL VALENTI, Individually) and On Behalf of All Others) Similarly Situated,) Plaintiff,) VS.) NO. C 21-06118 JD DFINITY USA RESEARCH LLC,) DFINITY FOUNDATION, and) DOMINIC WILLIAMS,) Defendants.)

San Francisco, California Thursday, February 2, 2023

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

APPEARANCES:

For Plaintiff:

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BY: EDWARD NORMAND, ATTORNEY AT LAW

For Defendants:

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BY: KEVIN J. ORSINI, ATTORNEY AT LAW EVAN D. SIEGEL, ATTORNEY AT LAW

REPORTED BY: Ana Dub, RDR, CRR, CSR No. 7445

Official United States Reporter

Thursday - February 2, 2023 1 10:47 a.m. 2 PROCEEDINGS ---000---3 Calling Civil 21-6118, Valenti vs. THE CLERK: 4 5 Dfinity Research LLC. 6 Counsel, state your appearances. MR. NORMAND: Your Honor, it's Ted Normand from Freedman 7 Normand Friedland for the plaintiffs. 8 MR. ORSINI: Good morning, Your Honor. Kevin Orsini, 9 Cravath Swain & Moore, along with my colleague Evan Siegel from 10 Cravath on behalf of defendants. 11 THE COURT: Okay. Well, this has not gone well in other 12 So let me just tell you what I'm thinking. That will 13 help guide our discussion. 14 15 My main concern -- I'm not seeing this as a 16 disqualification matter. I think this is really protecting the 17 putative class and the named plaintiffs, under Rule 23 and the 18 PSLRA, with counsel who are going to have an untarnished 19 allegiance on a fiduciary duty basis to the putative class and 20 the named plaintiffs. 21 So, really, my only concern is, after all this to-do

So, really, my only concern is, after all this to-do about -- what was that fellow's name? Roche? Is that how you say it?

MR. NORMAND: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Roche.

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-- after all the to-do about Mr. Roche, this new law firm, the successor law firm which grew out of that, is in any way going to have its fiduciary duty clouded or muddied in such a way that it will be a disservice to the named plaintiffs or the putative class. That's really what I'm focusing on.

Now, my colleague in the Southern District of New York concluded that there is enough in the air that she wasn't going to let the firm itself, the reconstituted firm, go forward, and that's really what I want to hear about.

On the one hand, I do share the concern that this is a relatively small law firm. Mr. Roche was the lead named lawyer on the masthead before the firm was reconstituted without him. And it does seem to be a reasonable inference that others at the firm today may have had some problems that are similar to Mr. Roche's.

On the other hand, I'm advised that Mr. Roche has been -is out of the firm. He's out of this case. He has no
financial stake in anything that might happen in this case.
And he's all in the rearview mirror, so to speak. Right?

That's right, Your Honor.

I think it's important to note that when Judge Failla made her decision, the firm actually had not been reconstituted.

Mr. Roche was still at the firm. This is part of an ongoing process, and she made her decision in the course of an ongoing

25 process.

MR. NORMAND:

The beginning of the process was that we immediately removed him from the firm's class action practice, took him out of that case.

And that process has now culminated, I can represent to the Court, after hundreds of attorney hours of work, over \$200,000 spent, the review of tens of thousands of e-mails, our firm has seen no evidence of what Judge Failla, who said she was making no factual findings, of what Judge Failla said she was concerned about.

We've not brought class actions for clients other than the plaintiffs. We haven't pursued class actions for clients other than the plaintiffs. We had not at that time misused any discovery or disclosed it to any third parties improperly.

We're not going to do that. And that's what we've concluded looking back.

Going forward, as Your Honor says, since that order, we've reconstituted. Mr. Roche, as part of that ongoing process, is out. And so the defendants' motion -- there are several issues presented; but to the extent Your Honor has framed it, defendants' motion reduces to the notion that you should impute to the 25 or 27 remaining lawyers in the firm -- including myself who has expressly represented that I haven't done anything that Judge Failla was concerned about; my six partners, who have expressly represented that they haven't done anything that Judge Failla said she was concerned about --

questions whether to impute this remaining law firm with anything Mr. Roche said.

So, one, we've concluded that what Mr. Roche said was self-aggrandizing; obviously profane; obviously inappropriate; obviously meant to make him look more important and bigger than he was; and the things he said were untrue.

And looking forward, he's not part of the firm. And we're not going to misuse discovery. We're not going to ask for discovery for the wrong reasons. We're bringing a meritorious case.

And with respect to the Court's understandable interest in the administration of justice, the overall interests of the class, we submit that the legal standards that govern a motion to disqualify --

THE COURT: Okay. That's not how I'm looking at it.

MR. NORMAND: Understood, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I'm just doing Rule 23, and I'm using my discretion.

MR. NORMAND: Understood.

THE COURT: Are you trustworthy, and are you going to honor your fiduciary duties? That's all I'm asking.

MR. NORMAND: Yes, we are going to. And we think the fact of the motion underscores that it would be in the interest of the class to have us on, because if the defendants were unconcerned with our quality as lawyers and the quality of the

complaint, they wouldn't have brought their motion. And that's what the law says the Court should presume.

THE COURT: I'm happy to hear you say here today,
Mr. Normand, that your former colleague was on the wrong side
of the line, because your brief -- I was going to mention this
to you, but you're helping me correct it -- your brief was a
little bit defensive about the situation, talking about
entrapment and so on. I don't buy that.

That lawyer, had it been my case, I would have done exactly what the judge in the Southern District of New York did. Okay? I'm not going to buy this idea that he was duped, drunk, and talkative. He was completely inappropriate as lead counsel and Rule 23 and under the PSLRA. So I would have had no problem at all reaching that prior conclusion.

So, Mr. Orsini, the only thing that I want to hear from you is why -- I'm not sure why this is any of the defendants' business because you're not really here vindicating the interests of the putative class or the named plaintiffs. So you can tell me a little bit about that. I don't see any evidence -- you can help me if I'm wrong. I don't see any evidence that this is in any way prejudicial to Dfinity. But I'm happy to hear whatever you have to say about why you think the reconstituted firm --

The new firm, I know the initials are F, as in "frank," N-F. But what's the name?

MR. NORMAND: Freedman Normand Friedland, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Freedman Normand Friedland, FNF.

-- Freedman Normand Friedland, is not okay to go forward with the case.

MR. ORSINI: Thank you, Your Honor.

And I think Your Honor is absolutely right to be looking at this from the Rule 23 perspective.

Why does it impact us? The reason it impacts us is because the reprehensible conduct and statements of Mr. Roche have fundamentally tainted this case going forward if his firm, even with him gone, continues to represent the putative class.

This case is different from Judge Failla's case in one very significant respect that bears upon the prejudice to us; and that is, in his boasting that was recorded, Mr. Roche specifically identified this case and my clients as examples of his abuse and misuse of the judicial process. He explained the interrelationship between the prosecution of class actions like this against blockchain providers and crypto companies and the firm's relationship with Ava Labs, which he admitted was a competitor of my client's.

And what's critically important is Mr. Roche, who is the first named partner, the founding partner of this small litigation boutique, explained in that video -- points he's not refuted; points he's not refuted -- explained in that video the close interrelationship between the firm, which is basically

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still that firm minus him, and Ava Labs, which he claimed they
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     were acting on behalf of in filing these class actions.
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          They were created at the same time in a joint workspace.
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     There's significant financial interest that this firm and these
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     lawyers still have.
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          THE COURT: Well, let me just pause on that because --
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          MR. ORSINI: Yes, Your Honor.
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          THE COURT: -- your colleague here, in one of the filings
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     for this motion, says that they're not doing anything
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     further -- what is it called? Ava?
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          MR. ORSINI: Ava Labs.
          THE COURT: -- they're not doing anything further with
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    Ava Labs other than some defamation suit or something.
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          What was the -- what's the one case you have left?
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          MR. NORMAND: We are local counsel with a very
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     circumscribed role for an executive at Ava Labs.
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          THE COURT: Oh, okay. So that's it.
          MR. ORSINI: Well, that's not it, Your Honor.
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          THE COURT: No other financial ties or work relationships
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     of any sort.
          MR. ORSINI: That's not what the record demonstrates,
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     respectfully, Your Honor.
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          The individual is one of the two founders.
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                                                      So he's not
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     just some executive at Ava Labs. He's one of the key players
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     there.
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But the ongoing financial relationship is this firm, based on the record, was founded and funded in no small part based upon a business relationship between it and Ava Labs that involved providing Ava tokens to Mr. Roche, counsel, and various others at his firm.

So there is still a financial relationship between those firms. They grew up together. That was the genesis of these two entities. And as Mr. Roche said in his video-recorded statements, he has acted on their behalf, including by filing this case.

And so how does it affect us? If you look at their brief -- and I understand counsel has recalibrated a little bit today, as Your Honor noted -- but one of the things that was really striking to us was they said: Well, don't worry about the conflict because at the end of the day, the best thing that Dfinity has pointed out is that Ava Labs wants bad things for Dfinity --

THE COURT: Let's just pause here.

MR. ORSINI: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: What conflict are you referring to?

Let me just think out loud here. People's motivations in filing a lawsuit typically are irrelevant. They don't have to like you. They don't have to wish you success. They don't have to have your interests at heart. They can sue. That's just the way our system works.

MR. ORSINI: I agree with that.

THE COURT: And the fact that somebody had an axe to grind isn't ever a reason to throw out a lawsuit.

Now, if it turns out that that was such an overwhelming impulse that the lawsuit was frivolous or a violation of Rule 11, you have ample sanction opportunities at the end of the case to get your money back and maybe even more. Okay?

But, you know, whether someone likes you or dislikes you or wants to salt the earth you walk on is not really relevant to this. The only thing that is relevant is if you can tell me that there is a conflict between the current law firm without this offender, Mr. Roche, and the putative class or the named plaintiffs.

MR. ORSINI: And I --

THE COURT: Now, I don't know why that would be anything you'd worry about, but I'd be happy to hear it, since you've spent a lot of time thinking about it.

MR. ORSINI: I appreciate that, Your Honor. And I agree that the mere dislike of me or my client is not sufficient.

I've, unfortunately, become accustomed to that.

The problem here is not Ava Labs' dislike of us or counsel's dislike of Dfinity and desire for it to have bad results. The point here is the potential competing interests between their financial stake and their, you know, grown-up desire to support Ava Labs and their duty to the class.

They could both want Dfinity to lose this case, but you can absolutely see circumstances in which -- and Mr. Roche talks about this during the video -- in which it could become in the best interests of the absent class members -- which is who we really have to be concerned about here -- in the best interests of the absent class members to resolve the case on certain terms.

THE COURT: Let me just jump in.

That's what I'm wondering about. And let me just be up-front about it. That is the concern. Okay, Mr. Normand? For example, there may -- an opportunity to settle the case on terms favorable to the putative class presented itself but let's say Mr. Roche had such a vendetta against the defendant because of his allegiance to this Ava Labs company and there was some strategic value in not settling for Ava Labs, an opportunity to resolve would be lost.

So why do I not have to worry about that with you?

MR. NORMAND: Well, two things, Your Honor.

One, under the law, the issue is not backwards-looking and punitive. We have seen no evidence that Mr. Roche did file a lawsuit in a context in which you would have any such conflict.

But let's take the worst-case scenario and assume he might have privately had that intent. We've seen no evidence of that. He's disclaimed it.

I've had no conversations with Ava Labs in my three years

at the firm. I don't have that motivation.

Let's assume Mr. Roche did. He's not part of the firm anymore. I'm representing to the Court that's not going to happen. We don't have those motivations. I never had them. No one on my team has them.

THE COURT: Let me ask you this. Mr. Orsini is suggesting that there are deeper ties between your firm and Ava Labs than I'm aware of at this point. Now, what's the status of that?

MR. NORMAND: There are no deeper ties. We don't represent Ava Labs. As I said, we have a local counsel circumscribe role for one executive.

Ava Labs has publicly disclaimed that we brought any suits on their behalf. In fact, they were angry that we brought the Solana suit. They've said that publicly, among the many things the Court can take judicial notice of.

THE COURT: Other than this one case for the executive that you're local counsel on, are you getting any other fees or money from Ava Labs?

MR. NORMAND: No. The firm does not have an equity stake in Ava Labs. I think there's a suggestion in the briefing that we do. I have no equity stake in Ava Labs.

Several partners at the firm were paid in AVAX tokens.

One, there's nothing unethical about being paid in non-cash form. Two, there's no connection between that payment and how this lawsuit's going to be prosecuted.

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They've not offered any coherent theory of how --THE COURT: Let me ask you this, because crypto is a big black box for everybody, particularly me. Is there any possibility that the value of that coin that your partners are holding is going to be affected by developments in this case? MR. NORMAND: Your Honor, a moment of levity. No one knows what's going to happen with crypto; right? So we have no designs, no prediction, no intent in that regard. THE COURT: I understand. But is there any reasonable --MR. NORMAND: There's no connection, and they haven't offered a coherent theory of how any way this suit gets prosecuted, it could result in any effect on AVAX tokens. THE COURT: All right. Let me pause on that. Mr. Orsini, what's your view of that? MR. ORSINI: So my view of that is quite different, which is these are both, as Mr. Roche admitted, competing blockchain companies. They're developing technology on the blockchain. These tokens are utility tokens that are used to conduct activity on the blockchain that's being developed by these different entities. There are also people who use the tokens for different purposes. Crypto is also a bit of a mystery to me, notwithstanding me representing the company. It's complicated. THE COURT: It's an intentional mystery. It's --

MR. ORSINI: Yes.

THE COURT: -- in my view, structured to be mysterious.

Anyway, go ahead.

MR. ORSINI: Whether that's true or not, Your Honor, the reality is, when you have these two different competing blockchain entities where the value of the token turns, in no small part, on how it can be used on the blockchain that each one is developing, the notion that they're unrelated is just fundamentally false.

THE COURT: Let's just put some specifics on this.

MR. ORSINI: Sure.

THE COURT: Okay. So there are a couple of partners at this FNF law firm holding an Ava Labs-related token, the value of which is going to fluctuate over time. How is anything in this lawsuit going to be -- how would anything in this lawsuit affect the value that those partners hold?

MR. ORSINI: Harming Dfinity's ability financially to continue to develop its competing blockchain technology will benefit its competitors and, by definition, drive up the value of the tokens on those competing --

THE COURT: But this is a securities lawsuit. This isn't a products lawsuit. This isn't a patent lawsuit. Why would a resolution of a securities claim in any way, shape, or form directly influence the value of the token that these partners hold?

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MR. ORSINI: Well, we, Your Honor, don't believe they have
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     a securities claim, but let's assume -- let's play this out.
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     Let's assume for a second that they have the claims they've
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     asserted, which is that this was an unregistered offering of
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     securities.
                  There are two claims.
                                         There's a Section 11 claim,
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     which is the unregistered offering of securities for which they
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     want full rescission; and then there are 10b-5
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     misrepresentation and market manipulation claims. Right?
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          If they were to win, particularly the rescissionary
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     damages claim -- and we don't believe they can, should, or
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     will --
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          THE COURT: I understand.
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          MR. ORSINI: -- but we're in possibilities here.
          If they did, Your Honor, that would be a massive judgment
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     that would hobble this company's ability to continue to develop
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     the blockchain --
          THE COURT: Okay. I get that. You could be ground to
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     dust. How is that going to enrich the partners at this law
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     firm who hold the Ava Labs-related token?
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          MR. ORSINI: Because to the extent destroying my client
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     helps them attract more people onto their blockchain, that
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     therefore increases the value of those tokens --
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                     All right. Well, that's --
          THE COURT:
          MR. ORSINI: -- which benefits those who hold them.
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          THE COURT: -- highly, highly speculative.
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MR. ORSINI: Well, Your Honor, the only reason I disagree with that is because it's not as simple as they hold a couple of shares of Apple stock and they're suing Google or Meta or Epic, something Your Honor is familiar with.

THE COURT: By the way, I'm not even sure it's a problem in itself.

MR. ORSINI: No, I agree with that. I agree with that. I agree with that. But this is not that situation. This is a firm that was created with Ava Labs. They have been intermeshed since their beginning, according to not only --

THE COURT: Okay. I understand. Let's pause here.

I understand that, but your colleague here is representing they have zero ties to Ava Labs except for one tiny legacy role as the mailbox local counsel for one executive in the firm.

So, okay. They may have been joined at the hip a year ago, five years ago, but now they've been severed. So that's what matters now.

So what is it today that's a problem?

MR. ORSINI: So I think, Your Honor, first of all, I think the continued holding of the tokens against that backdrop is still a problem. I've already addressed that.

THE COURT: But you haven't. You've just said maybe someday something might happen way down a chain of a series of events that could enrich these partners. That's really quite tenuous.

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What the Ninth Circuit has said, Your Honor,
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          MR. ORSINI:
     in terms of the discretion that the Court can exercise in a
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     class context, is even the appearance of a potential conflict,
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     the appearance of a potential conflict -- and this is from the
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     Kayes case -- is sufficient to remove counsel.
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                      I'm well aware of this.
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          THE COURT:
                                                I take
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     extraordinarily seriously, as all of my colleagues do,
     entrusting the fate of a putative class in the hands of a
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     lawyer because that is my job. I have an independent duty,
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     separate from you, separate from him, separate from everyone
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     but the putative class, to protect them. That's the only thing
     I'm interested in.
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          So your best shot -- and I think it's a weak one -- seems
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     to be someday, somehow, some way somebody at the firm who holds
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15
     an old token from Ava Labs might make a little money on the
16
     devise of Dfinity.
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          MR. ORSINI: That's Part 1, Your Honor.
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          THE COURT: Fairly weak. What's --
          MR. ORSINI: Part 2, Your Honor --
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                      What's second prize? Let me ask that.
          THE COURT:
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          MR. ORSINI:
                      Part 2 --
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          THE COURT:
                      Yes.
          MR. ORSINI: Part 2 is the reasonable inferences about the
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     ongoing concerns of the culture of this firm that
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     Judge Failla --
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Tell me about that.
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          THE COURT:
          MR. ORSINI: -- that I believe is appropriate.
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          And it comes back, again, to where this firm was created
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     from and the fact that Mr. Roche specifically identified this
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     lawsuit against my clients as an example of the type of abuse
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     of the legal system that they've undertaken.
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          And I think there are absolutely reasonable inferences
     that can be drawn that we can continue to have significant
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     concern about turning over our internal, highly confidential
 9
     information to these lawyers. Right? We're not here --
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          THE COURT:
                     Because why?
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          MR. ORSINI: Why?
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          THE COURT:
                      Yeah.
          MR. ORSINI: Because of this firm. Because of the nature
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     of this firm.
                    Because of the conduct we've seen from
    Mr. Roche. Because of the way in which they --
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          THE COURT:
                     But why -- what is the -- you're afraid
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     they're going to leak it to Ava Labs? Is that what you're
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19
     saying?
          MR. ORSINI: We're afraid that the culture at this firm is
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     consistent with its founder's culture, as he described, which
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     is to abuse the discovery process to understand competing
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    blockchain technologies to assist others rather than just
    pursue the best interests of the class.
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That's --

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THE COURT: All right.

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          MR. ORSINI:
                       That's what we're concerned about.
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          THE COURT: -- a long tap dance.
          Just put it more plainly. Just say "yes" or "no."
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     your concern that the lawyers at FNF are going to improperly
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 5
     disclose confidential litigation materials to Ava Labs?
          MR. ORSINI:
                       Yes.
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 7
          THE COURT:
                      Why?
          MR. ORSINI: Because that's what --
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                     What is the basis for that?
          THE COURT:
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                       That's what their founder said they do.
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          MR. ORSINI:
     That's what their founder --
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                     Okay. But he's been cut out like a bad apple;
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          THE COURT:
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     so --
          MR. ORSINI: And if this were -- if this were --
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          THE COURT:
                     Like the bad apple he apparently was, he's
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     been cut out of the bushel.
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          So the rest of the bushel, you're going to say "Just
     because"? I mean, I need some evidence. I need some facts.
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     It can't be "Just because."
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          MR. ORSINI: Well, it's not "Just because," Your Honor.
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     It's a reasonable inference, we believe, based on the fact that
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     this is a small litigation boutique that operates almost
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     exclusively, if not exclusively, in the crypto space, and that
     you would expect their founder's ethos to be part and parcel of
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     the firm's dynamic and the fact that they have a former
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partner who's --

THE COURT: Let me just jump in.

What you're saying is Mr. Roche's spirit so permeates the firm that even though he's long gone, financially, personally, everything else, even though he's long gone, he's left a mind-set, an attitude, a culture that irrevocably taints all of these lawyers so you can't trust them with a burnt match. That seems a little over the top, Mr. Orsini.

MR. ORSINI: Your Honor --

THE COURT: If your firm, for example, had a bad guy or a bad woman who did insider trading, I guarantee you, you would not be telling any judges: We should -- we're voluntarily extracting ourselves from every securities case.

MR. ORSINI: I completely agree.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ORSINI: And I think it's fundamentally different.

THE COURT: So how is this different?

MR. ORSINI: I think it's fundamentally different because this is a small litigation boutique that was born with Ava in a co-working space, who are their best friends, who provided them the funding to get going, on whose behalf their founder, who shaped the firm and developed the firm, has said they engaged in misconduct for, and that continues to be the same firm minus one individual and continues to prosecute cases almost entirely in the crypto space.

And I think, given that history that's brought us here, right, there is a reasonable concern on our part that cutting out the one bad apple doesn't save us and doesn't protect us, it certainly doesn't ameliorate our concerns and doesn't take away the taint on this potential process going forward, especially when that can be -- when we have an overlapping class, an identical class, Your Honor, being pursued in state court down the Peninsula and we can easily have an opportunity for the named plaintiff to bring in counsel who is free of any appearance -- any potential appearance of impropriety.

THE COURT: Well, I will tell you, one difference here from Southern District of New York is they're the only show in town right now for the putative class.

MR. ORSINI: In this case.

THE COURT: Yes. So if they're gone, I mean, that effectively, I think, terminates the case because there's no lawyer. The head has been cut off the body. And that's -- I don't know -- nobody asked -- nobody came in and pitched for this other than this firm, your colleague here, Mr. Normand's firm. Nobody told me they were interested.

I have considered, and I may very well do, put this out to bid again and see if anybody comes forward. I think that might be an easy way of resolving all this.

But if they don't, I'm very reluctant to hand you what is effectively a procedural gimme in terms of getting out of this

I just don't think that's right. 1 case. 2 MR. ORSINI: Judge --THE COURT: Now, why isn't it adequate -- you have what we 3 used to call in law school a parade of horribles that might 4 5 I'm not gainsaying that, but it hasn't yet. And you don't have any evidence that they have had -- have happened or 6 7 even likely to happen. But why not, if they do -- you've got plenty of ammo to 8 fire at them if it happens. You have Rule 11. You have 9 10 Rule 23. You have my inherent disciplinary authority over 11 counsel and parties. You have a plethora of solutions if anything goes wrong. 12 And if it ever turned out, for example -- and I'm not --13 I'm just saying the obvious that everybody will know. But if 14 15 it ever turned out that some lawyer at the FNF firm, 16 Mr. Normand or one of his colleagues inappropriately disclosed 17 confidential information, they would be disbarred in all 18 likelihood. I happen to chair that committee. So I can't 19 predict what would happen because we have a third-party 20 process, but they would, at a minimum, face significant personal, professional conduct sanctions. 21 22 So with all of these safeguards, why not just go forward 23 and be vigilant? What's wrong with that? MR. ORSINI: And I think, Your Honor, that, in part, is 24 exactly the problem, given that this is a putative 25

class action.

We are going -- if they go forward as class counsel in this case, it's going to create an ongoing set of questions about all of those issues and an ongoing sideshow about those potential concerns that we don't believe is fair to our client, given the taint that comes with this case from Mr. Roche's statement, and we don't believe is the best protective means for the absent class members.

And I agree with Your Honor. If we find evidence of that six months from now, I have no doubt that when I bring it to this Court, the Court will take it seriously. That, I'm sure of.

But going through every stage of this litigation with that hanging over us, with that hanging over the class unnecessarily raises significant complications and problems with their potential representation.

And that's why we believe that, given that it's a putative class -- we might have a different conversation if it was just a one-on-one case. I still think the same result would be appropriate, but we wouldn't be talking about Rule 23. But given that it's a putative class, that sideshow, that concern, that continued vigilance we're going to have to put in and the distraction it's going to do, I don't believe, Your Honor, is appropriate for them to continue on as lead counsel.

And to your earlier point about not wanting to hand us a

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procedural gimme, I get that. Right? Two responses to that.
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          One, it wouldn't end our litigation because --
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          THE COURT:
                     It would.
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          MR. ORSINI: No.
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          THE COURT: There's no other lawyer on deck.
          MR. ORSINI: We have the state court case which is an
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     overlapping class.
          THE COURT: It would end it here.
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          MR. ORSINI: Two, Your Honor, I do think one easy
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    potential solution to that is -- there are two potential
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     solutions to that I thought of coming in today.
          One is the one Your Honor mentioned, which is you can do
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     the process again and see if anybody comes in. If this is such
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     a meritorious case that is worth so much money, you'd think
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15
     someone else would show up. Right?
          Or we could give the putative class representative,
16
17
    Mr. Valenti, an opportunity to identify potential substitute
18
     counsel.
                     I thought he was no longer -- is he the -- is
19
          THE COURT:
    he still the named --
20
                       I'm sorry. It's not Mr. Valenti.
21
          MR. ORSINI:
     right, Your Honor.
22
23
          THE COURT: It's someone else, isn't it?
          MR. ORSINI: The client, it's someone else.
24
25
          THE COURT: Do you remember who it is?
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MR. NORMAND: Mr. Rodriguez.
 1
 2
          MR. ORSINI:
                       Thank you. Yes.
                      I'm not -- I just wanted to make sure.
          THE COURT:
 3
          MR. ORSINI: Yes. I had the caption in my mind,
 4
 5
     Your Honor.
          THE COURT:
                     No, I understand. I do too.
 6
 7
          MR. ORSINI: But you're absolutely right.
          THE COURT: But it's Mr. Rodriquez.
 8
          Okay. How about this? Let's just think out loud here.
 9
     I'm concerned, but I'm not going to hit any buttons quite yet.
10
11
          MR. NORMAND: Your Honor, can I say --
          THE COURT: One thing that I'm --
12
13
          MR. NORMAND: -- if it helps --
          THE COURT: -- not clear about --
14
          MR. NORMAND: -- to a couple of Mr. Orsini's --
15
16
          THE COURT: Hold on.
          MR. NORMAND: -- comments?
17
           (Simultaneous speaking; court reporter interrupts.)
18
                     When I start, you just need to stop.
19
          THE COURT:
          MR. NORMAND: Sorry, Your Honor.
20
          THE COURT: I'm just not clear about your Ava ties.
21
     Basically, Mr. Orsini is saying you sprang from the head of
22
23
    Ava Labs like Athena from Zeus. So maybe some discovery on
     that might be worthwhile.
24
25
          I'm operating in an evidentiary vacuum. Mr. Orsini is
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giving me some concerns; you're denying them. I don't have an
 1
     independent set of facts on which to make my own informed
 2
     decision.
 3
          So it could be as easy as -- you've heard what we
 4
 5
     discussed today -- you swear out a declaration and got it under
           And if there's any problem with that, the consequences
 6
     oath.
     would be swift and certain and unfavorable to you and your
 7
     future. When I say "you," I mean you personally and your firm.
 8
          Or maybe take a deposition. I think it's a novel
 9
     situation that may require a novel response. Maybe Mr. Orsini
10
11
     sits down for an hour or two with some designee of the firm,
     basically 30(b)(6), goes over the books, so to speak, between
12
     what the status of you and Ava Labs is.
13
          And if there's anything that comes out of it, you can let
14
15
              What do you think about that, Mr. Orsini?
     me know.
16
          MR. ORSINI: So as you might imagine, Your Honor, my first
     answer will be we don't believe such discovery is necessary;
17
18
     but if the Court believes such discovery is necessary --
          THE COURT:
19
                      I do.
          MR. ORSINI: That's why I said you wouldn't be surprised
20
21
    by my first answer.
          My second answer is, I'd have no objection to taking that
22
23
     discovery.
          THE COURT: Well, I should say, I'm thinking it is.
24
25
          MR. ORSINI: I would have no objection --
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Well, how about that? What if you take this
     THE COURT:
deposition under penalty of perjury, everything is answered in
a way that suggests that although your fears are -- your fears
are hypothetical. That seems like enough, don't you think?
    MR. ORSINI:
                 I think we would need a deposition of the
firm and Mr. Roche to understand sort of both sides of this.
     THE COURT:
                Why Mr. Roche? We all know that he's out of
the picture. What difference does it make for him?
    MR. ORSINI: Mr. Roche is now claiming that some of his
statements were false and not false. I think, you know --
     THE COURT:
                Look, he's done. Okay? He was dealt with, in
my view, in an appropriate fashion, which means he was kicked
out of the case, kicked out of the firm, kicked out of the
picture. Okay? So who cares whether he's back-hoeing or not?
It's irrelevant. I can't attribute that to the current
lawyers.
    MR. ORSINI:
                 So -- so I respectfully disagree with that,
Your Honor, but I understand your --
                Well, tell me why.
     THE COURT:
    MR. ORSINI: Because I think, frankly, to test what the
current firm that has a financial interest in continuing in
this case is saying versus what their named founding partner,
who started all of this by saying he brought this case --
     THE COURT: That quy can say whatever he wants and
apparently has. So I just -- I mean, I'm not worried about
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that.
 1
          But what's your next point?
 2
          MR. ORSINI: My next point is simply, Your Honor --
 3
          THE COURT: I'm not going to do that.
 4
 5
          MR. ORSINI: -- I'm not going to say "no" to taking their
 6
     deposition.
                     All right. Mr. Normand, what do you think?
 7
          THE COURT:
          MR. NORMAND: Three things, Your Honor.
 8
          One, we've already put in a declaration, myself and my six
 9
     partners, in the Avaton case, under oath, saying that we didn't
10
11
     misuse any discovery; we're not going to misuse any discovery;
     we haven't brought actions for the wrong reasons.
12
13
          THE COURT: No, I understand that, but this is really
     focused on the --
14
15
          MR. NORMAND: Understood.
16
          THE COURT: -- labs ties.
17
          What do you think about that?
          MR. NORMAND: We can do it. It's going to be redundant of
18
     things we've already said under oath because we've already
19
     spoken to the issue of our motivations, supposedly, with
20
     respect to these AVAX tokens.
21
22
                      I think it's going to be a lot of
23
    nuts-and-bolts questions. Like, when was the last time you
     received an invoice from the labs? Or what's the value of
24
25
     these tokens? You know, that kind of stuff. Are you okay with
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that?

MR. NORMAND: Understood, Your Honor. We're an open book, subject to attorney-client privilege, of course; but we're happy to do that if that's what the Court, in a fact finding capacity, thinks is appropriate.

THE COURT: Well, it would help me because I just have two conflicting narratives and no place to drop my anchor.

MR. NORMAND: I would say a second thing, Your Honor, which is, as you know because we briefed it in detail on the law, the law makes relevant defendants' motivation in bringing their motion. So I think what would be symmetrical and appropriate and warranted under the law is a corresponding deposition of their clients to ask about their role in the Crypto Leaks and to ask what their motivations were --

THE COURT: No.

MR. NORMAND: -- in bringing the motion.

THE COURT: I'm not going to do that. Look, I really cannot -- oddly enough, I had to deal with this. There's actually Supreme Court case law on this.

You don't have to have good motivations. Now, you can't violate Rule 11. You can't violate the other rules that require civility and professionalism and honesty. There's no question about that. But you don't have to have goodness in your heart when you're a litigant. Okay?

So it doesn't matter what Dfinity -- I'm not reopening the

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books on this Mr. Roche guy and Sweden and all that. I'm not
 1
     doing it. I don't care. It's irrelevant to me.
 2
     irrelevant to my protection of the putative class.
 3
          So when can you do this? A week? Two weeks?
 4
 5
          MR. NORMAND: We can work out a schedule and let the Court
     know.
 6
                     Three hours, Mr. Orsini, max. This shouldn't
 7
          THE COURT:
     take anything more than that. Probably should be shorter.
 8
     I'll give you three hours max. All right?
 9
          I don't want this to be the shootout at the O.K. Corral.
10
11
     You come in; you ask your questions; you answer them; and
     that's it. All right? I don't want -- I don't want any
12
     theatrics, fireworks, drama. I don't want any questions about
13
    Mr. Roche other than confirming that he's in every way, shape,
14
15
     and form been excised out of the firm. That's it. Okay?
16
     I don't a want to hear any questions about what happened in
17
     Sweden, none of that.
          This is just from today on, and that's on the suitability
18
     of this firm to go forward in a way that is appropriate. Okay?
19
          MR. ORSINI: Can I ask one clarifying question,
20
     Your Honor?
21
22
          THE COURT:
                      Sure.
          MR. ORSINI: I understand that. I understand all of that,
23
     and I appreciate that, Your Honor.
24
          When you say "from today forward," I understand your
25
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point, you don't want me asking any questions about Kyle Roche
 1
     and what he did and what he said. But one of the issues that
 2
     I've addressed to the Court is sort of the way in which the
 3
     firm itself was created and the interrelationships they've had
 4
 5
     from the beginning with Ava Labs.
          Is that -- would that be --
 6
 7
          THE COURT: Let me just pause on that.
          I mean, is there any dispute about -- look, it may be that
 8
     it was in the mists of time you were, as I said earlier, joined
 9
     at the hip.
10
11
          But just tell me, Mr. Normand.
          MR. NORMAND: I think it's irrelevant. I agree with what
12
     I understood to be --
13
                     Well, but is it true? Did it sort of start
14
          THE COURT:
15
     out that way and things have developed since, or what's the
16
     formation story?
17
          MR. NORMAND:
                       There was a -- if I'm following the question
     and Mr. Orsini's point, Ava Labs was a client --
18
          THE COURT:
                     The client?
19
          MR. NORMAND: -- towards the beginning --
20
21
          THE COURT: A major client?
          MR. NORMAND: -- of this firm's life, a previous iteration
22
     of this firm.
23
          THE COURT: Okay. So the old firm, Roche -- what was the
24
     old firm called?
25
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MR. NORMAND:
                        Roche Freedman.
 1
          THE COURT: Roche Freedman. Okay. Its first big client
 2
     was Ava Labs.
 3
          MR. NORMAND: I don't know if it was his first big client,
 4
 5
    but it was one of the original clients.
 6
          THE COURT: Okay. I don't think he disagrees with you
 7
     about this. So it may have started that way. The question is
     what's happening today and what's going to happen tomorrow.
 8
          MR. ORSINI:
                       I understand that, Your Honor. My point is
 9
     simply that the nature of that relationship, at least alleged
10
11
    by one of their former partners with whom they're in
     litigation --
12
                     Ask a few. Don't go nuts.
13
          THE COURT:
          MR. ORSINI: Understood.
14
                     Okay? Because I think it's of questionable
15
          THE COURT:
              But if you want to ask a little bit, that's fine.
16
    utility.
17
          MR. ORSINI:
                       I appreciate that.
          THE COURT: Don't spend a third or a quarter of the
18
     deposition on it. Just ask some foundational questions.
19
20
     on.
         Okay?
21
          MR. ORSINI: Understood, Your Honor.
                      If you cannot get this done, we'll just do the
22
          THE COURT:
     deposition here and I'll just watch you.
23
          MR. NORMAND: Point of --
24
25
          THE COURT: I really don't want to do that, so...
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MR. NORMAND: Point of clarification, Your Honor.
 1
 2
          THE COURT: Yes.
         MR. NORMAND: Do you want a 30(b)(6), or do you want me to
 3
     appear personally?
 4
 5
          THE COURT: How do you want to do it?
         MR. ORSINI:
                       I think a 30(b)(6) would be most appropriate
 6
 7
     so we get the testimony from the firm, and whomever they'd like
     to designate is fine with me.
 8
                     Like, four topics. Okay? Four or five
          THE COURT:
 9
             That's it. All right?
10
     topics.
11
         MR. ORSINI: Understood, Your Honor.
          THE COURT: Okay. And you can -- have you been there
12
13
     since day one at the firm?
         MR. NORMAND: Not technically, no. It started off with
14
15
     Roche and Freedman and one other lawyer for six months, and
16
     then --
          THE COURT: You've been there all but six months?
17
         MR. NORMAND: That's correct.
18
          THE COURT: Okay. You pick whoever you want.
19
               But make sure they can answer. It might be better
20
21
     to have -- how long has the firm been around, by the way, just
     in both iterations?
22
23
         MR. NORMAND: About three and a half years.
          THE COURT: Oh, okay. So you don't have to go too far
24
25
    back.
           Okay.
```

All right. So really remember, at the end of the day, my major concern, my overriding concern is the protection of the putative class and the named plaintiffs. That's what I'm most -- really, that's all I'm interested in.

But I also want to make sure that what happens today doesn't change tomorrow and that we have some of the problems that Mr. Orsini has sketched in his parade of horribles -- I'm not making any findings about that. This will help me make my findings about that. Okay?

So do you want to come back in 30 days?

Here's what I'm thinking. You'll take the depo, say, in the next two weeks, and then you'll both file a supplemental statement for the pending requests. Okay? Now, it's not a disqualification. Just report on what you found.

Now, if it is the case, Mr. Orsini, that you don't -- you till the field and no potatoes come up, be forthright about that. Okay?

MR. ORSINI: Understood, Your Honor.

THE COURT: You can still have your concerns. You've got, as I said, plenty of opportunities -- if you believe something has gone wrong in an objectively reasonable way, you've got plenty of things you can do to bring the issue before me. But if you take this deposition and there's nothing there, I'm expecting you to be candid about it.

And then, Mr. Normand, obviously, this goes without

saying, but I'll saying it. I'm expecting your designee, 1 whoever it is, to be completely forthright, unevasive and just 2 answer the questions. Okay? 3 4 MR. NORMAND: Sure. 5 THE COURT: All right. Anything else for today? MR. ORSINI: Not for today, Your Honor. Thank you for the 6 time. 7 THE COURT: Mr. Normand? 8 MR. NORMAND: 9 No. THE COURT: Thanks very much. 10 Okay. 11 MR. ORSINI: Thank you, Your Honor. MR. NORMAND: Thanks. 12 THE COURT: 13 Yes. (Proceedings adjourned at 11:27 a.m.) 14 15 ---000---16 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 17 I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript 18 from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter. 19 20 Sunday, February 5, 2023 DATE: 21 ana Dub 22 23 24 Ana Dub, CSR No. 7445, RDR, CRR Official United States Reporter 25