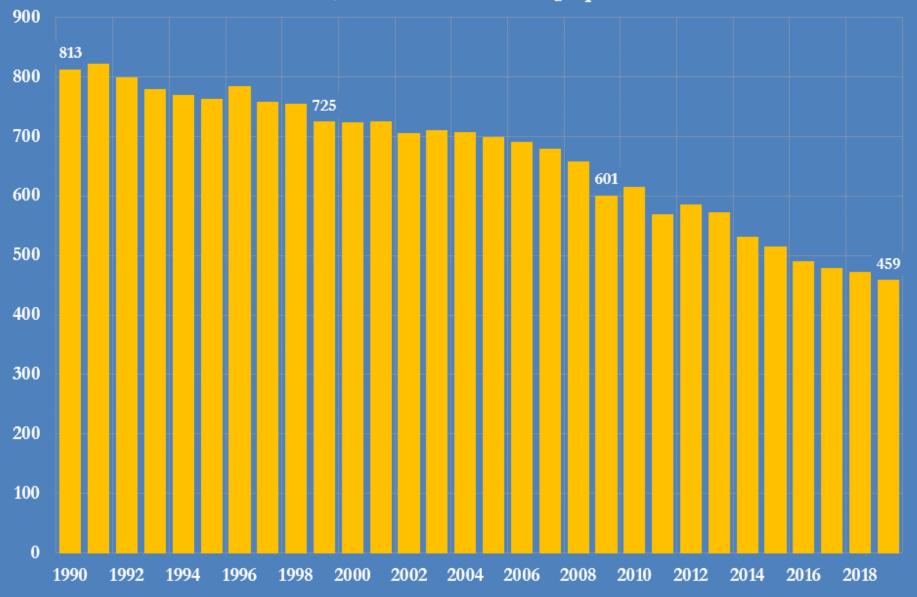
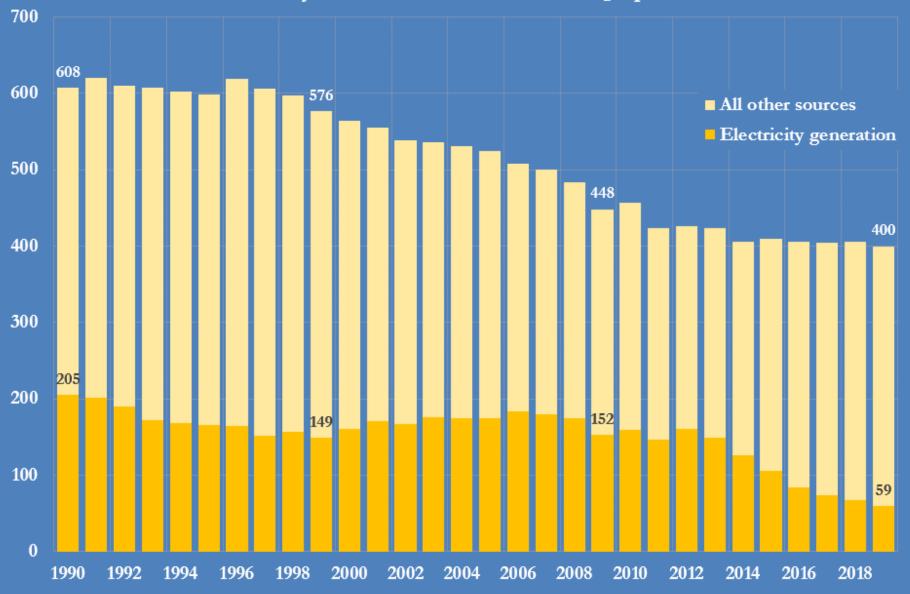
U.K. greenhouse emissions from residential buildings Selected indicators

JOHN KEMP REUTERS 2 Dec 2021

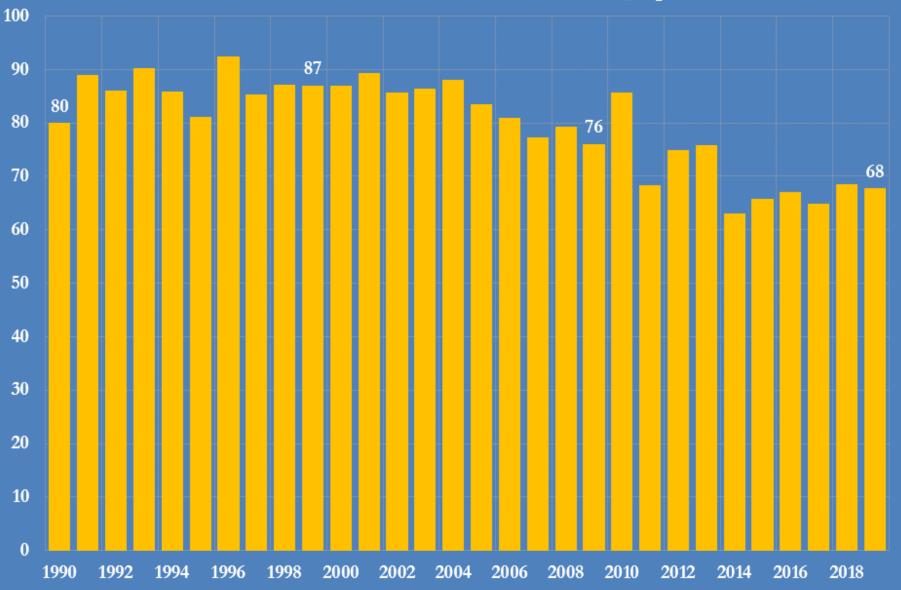
UK greenhouse gas emissions, 1990-2019 annual, million tonnes of CO₂ equivalent



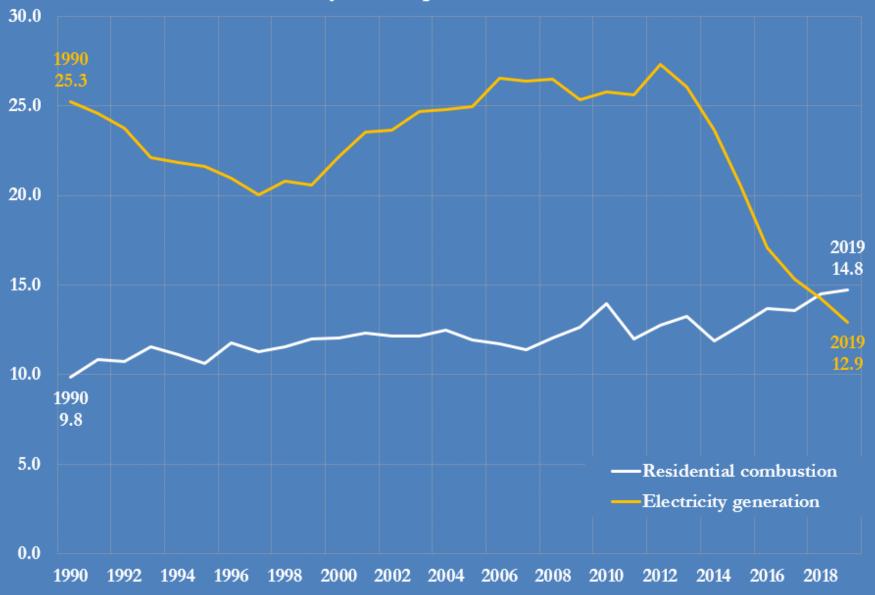
UK greenhouse gas emissions, 1990-2019 annual, by source, million tonnes of CO₂ equivalent



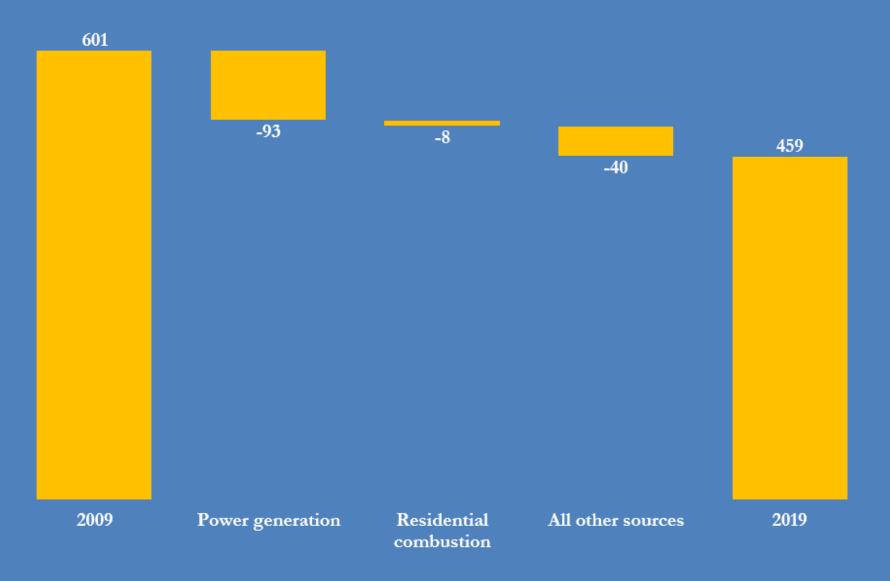
UK greenhouse emissions from residential combustion annual, direct emissions, million tonnes of CO₂ equivalent



UK greenhouse gas emissions, 1990-2019 annual, by source, percent of total emissions

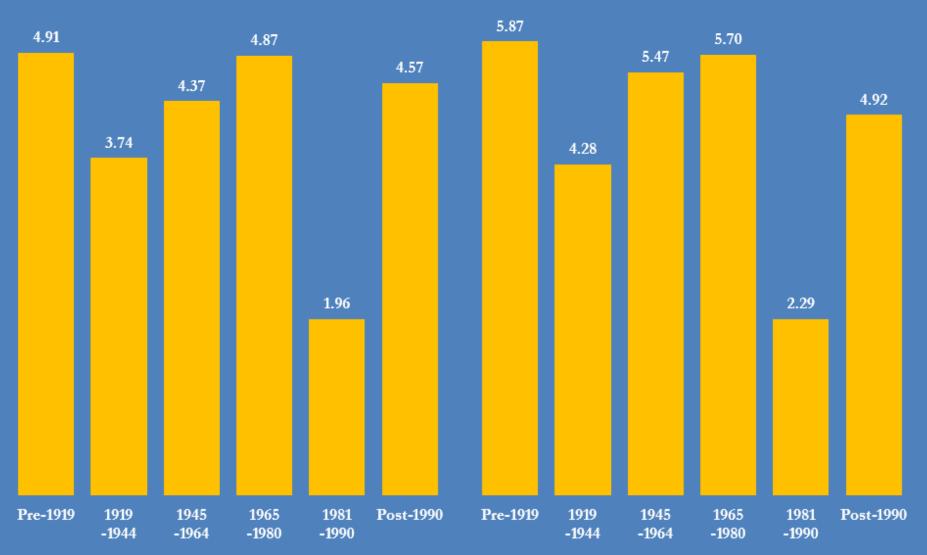


U.K. greenhouse gas emissions annual, million tonnes of CO₂ equivalent per year, change from 2009 to 2019



Dwellings in England, 2019 by date of construction, millions

Dwellings in U.K., 2017 by date of construction, millions



Source: English Housing Survey, MHCLG @JKempEnergy

Source: Housing stock of the United Kingdom, BRE @JKempEnergy

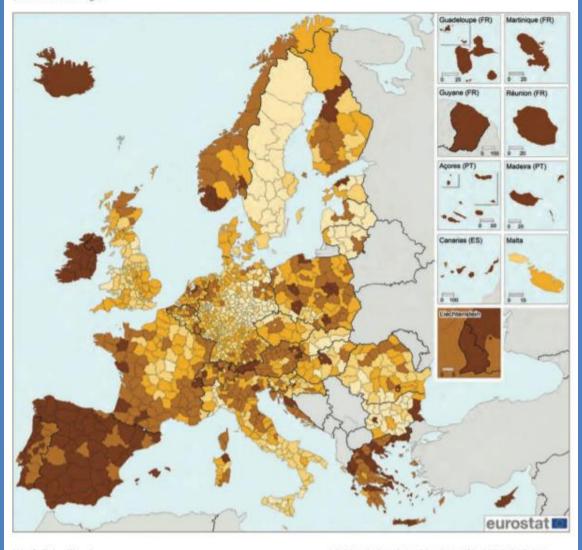
Table 2.3: The UK housing stock, by type of heating, 2017 (thousands of dwellings / %)

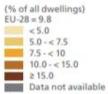
	England	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland	UK
Gas central heating	20,375	1,966	1,100	186	23,627
Oil central heating	929	143	135	526	1,733
Other central heating	716	105	35	61	917
Electric (storage heaters)	1,223	183	48	N/A	N/A
Fixed heating	707	67	23	N/A	N/A
Gas central heating	85.1%	79.8%	82.0%	23.8%	82.8%
Oil central heating	3.9%	5.8%	10.1%	67.5%	6.1%
Other central heating	3.0%	4.3%	2.6%	7.8%	3.2%
Electric (storage heaters)	5.1%	7.4%	3.6%	N/A	N/A
Fixed heating	3.0%	2.7%	1.7%	N/A	N/A

Note: Scotland usually categorise electric storage heaters as central heating but they are shown separately above to enable UK comparison

Figure 4.1 Proportion of dwellings built since 2000, by EU nation

Share of dwellings built after 2000, by NUTS level 3 region, 2011 (') (% of all dwellings)





Administrative boundaries: © EuroGeographics © UN-FAO © Turkstat Cartography: Eurostat – GISCO, 09/2015



