1 2 3 4 5 6	Carney R. Shegerian, Esq., State Bar No CShegerian@Shegerianlaw.com Anthony Nguyen, Esq. State Bar No. 25 ANguyen@Shegerianlaw.com SHEGERIAN & ASSOCIATES, INC. 225 Santa Monica Boulevard, Suite 700 Santa Monica, California 90401 Telephone Number: (310) 860-0770 Facsimile Number: (310) 860-0771 Attorneys for Plaintiff, ANDREW RUDNICKI	ONFORMED COPY Superior Court of California Oniginal Filed Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles AUG 2 9 2017 Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk By Jenny Chea, Deputy	
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CENTRAL DISTRICT		
10		•	
11	ANDREW RUDNICKI,	Case No.: BC630158	
12	Plaintiff,	 [Assigned for All Purposes to the Honorable Rafael A. Ongkeko in Department 73]	
13	vs.	PLAINTIFF ANDREW RUDNICKI'S	
14	FARMERS INSURANCE EXCHANGE, FARMERS	FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES FOR:	
15	INSURANCE GROUP, ZURICH INSURANCE, ZURICH, ZURICH	(1) RETALIATION IN VIOLATION OF	
16	NORTH AMÉRICA, FARMERS GROUP, INC., ZURICH DISTRICT	GOVERNMENT CODE § 12940(h);	
17	INSURANCE COMPANY, TRUCK) INSURANCE EXCHANGE, FIRE) INSURANCE EXCHANGE, and	(2) DISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF AGE IN VIOLATION OF FEHA;	
19	DOES 1 to 100, inclusive,	(3) DISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF GENDER IN VIOLATION OF	
20	Defendants.	FEHA;	
21		(4) DISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF DISABILITY IN VIOLATION OF FEHA;	
22		(5) BREACH OF EXPRESS ORAL	
23		CONTRACT NOT TO TERMINATE WITHOUT GOOD CAUSE;	
24		(6) BREACH OF IMPLIED-IN-FACT CONTRACT NOT TO TERMINATE	
26		WITHOUT GOOD CAUSE;	
27		(7) COERCED SELF-DEFAMATION;	
28		(8) WRONGFUL TERMINATION IN VIOLATION OF PUBLIC POLICY;	
1	<u> </u>		

PLAINTIFF'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

(9) VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE § 1102.5; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL PLAINTIFF'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

TABLE OF CONTENTS

2		Page
3	SUMMARY	1
4	PARTIES	1
5	FACTS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION	3
6	EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES	7
7	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION	8
9	(Retaliation in Violation of Government Code § 12940(h)—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)	8
10	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION	10
11 12 13	(Violation of FEHA (Government Code § 12900, et seq.) (Age Discrimination)—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)	10
14	THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION	12
15 16	(Violation of FEHA (Government § 12900, et seq.) (Gender Discrimination)—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)	12
17	FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION	13
18 19 20	(Violation of FEHA (Government Code § 12900, et seq.) (Disability Discrimination)—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)	13
21	FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION	16
22 23	(Breach of Express Oral Contract Not to Terminate Without Good Cause)—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)	16
24	SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION	17
25 26 27	(Breach of Implied-in-Fact Contract Not to Terminate Without Good Cause—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)	. 17
28		

- 1		
1	SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION	24
2 3	(Coerced Self-Defamation (Civil Code §§ 45, 46)—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)	24
4		
5	EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION	25
6	(Wrongful Termination in Violation of Public Policy—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A.,	
7	Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)	25
8	NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION	26
9	(Violations of Labor Code § 1102.5, et seq.—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100,	
10	Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)	26
11	PRAYER	27
12		21
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		
-		
	-ii-	
	PLAINTIFF'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES	

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES 1 Page 2 **Statutes** 3 Civil Code § 45 24 4 Civil Code § 46 24 5 Civil Code § 3294 1, 6, 7 6 Code of Civil Procedure § 474 7 Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5 1, 26 8 Code of Civil Procedure § 1032 26 9 Code of Civil Procedure § 3291 10 Government Code §§ 12900-12996 passim 11 Government Code § 12945.1-12945.2 15 12 27 Government Code § 72055 13 Labor Code § 1102.5 25, 26 14 15 Regulations 16 2 California Code of Regulations § 11021 8, 9 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 -iii-PLAINTIFF'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

4

5 6

7 8

10

11

13

12

14 15

16 17

18

19

20 21

22 23

24 25

26 27

28

information and belief:

SUMMARY

Plaintiff, Andrew Rudnicki, alleges, on the basis of personal knowledge and/or

This is an action by plaintiff, Andrew Rudnicki ("plaintiff" or "Rudnicki"), whose employment with defendants Farmers Insurance Exchange ("Farmers Exchange"), Farmers Insurance Group ("Farmers Group"), Zurich Insurance ("Zurich Insurance"), Zurich ("Zurich"), Zurich North America ("Zurich N.A."), Farmers Group, Inc. ("Farmers, Inc."), Zurich Insurance Company ("Zurich Company"), Truck Insurance Exchange ("Truck Exchange"), and Fire Insurance Exchange ("Fire Exchange") was wrongfully terminated while other civil rights of his were also violated. All of the defendants either directly or indirectly employed plaintiff and/or employed the decisionmakers involved in the discriminatory and retaliatory decision to terminate plaintiff. Plaintiff brings this action against all defendants for economic, non-economic, compensatory, and punitive damages pursuant to Civil Code section 3294, pre-judgment interest pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 3291, costs and reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to Government Code section 12965(b) and Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5, and any other remedy the honorable Court and/or the jury enforces.

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff: Plaintiff Rudnicki is, and at all times mentioned in this Complaint was, a resident of the County of Ventura, California.
- 2. Defendants: Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, and Fire Exchange are, and at all times mentioned in this Complaint were, authorized to operate by the State of California and the United States government and authorized and qualified to do business in the County of Los Angeles. Defendants' place of business, where the

10

14

15

161718

20 21

19

2223

2425

26

27 28 following causes of action took place, was and is in the County of Los Angeles.

- 3. Doe defendants: Defendants Does 1 to 100, inclusive, are sued under fictitious names pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 474. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that each of the defendants sued under fictitious names is in some manner responsible for the wrongs and damages alleged below, in so acting was functioning as the agent, servant, partner, and employee of the co-defendants, and in taking the actions mentioned below was acting within the course and scope of his or her authority as such agent, servant, partner, and employee, with the permission and consent of the co-defendants. The named defendants and Doe defendants are sometimes hereafter referred to, collectively and/or individually, as "defendants."
- 4. Relationship of defendants: All defendants compelled, coerced, aided, and/or abetted the discrimination, retaliation, and harassment alleged in this Complaint, which conduct is prohibited under California Government Code section 12940(i). All defendants were responsible for the events and damages alleged herein, including on the following bases: (a) defendants committed the acts alleged; (b) at all relevant times, one or more of the defendants was the agent or employee, and/or acted under the control or supervision of, one or more of the remaining defendants and, in committing the acts alleged, acted within the course and scope of such agency and employment and/or is or are otherwise liable for plaintiff's damages; (c) at all relevant times, there existed a unity of ownership and interest between or among two or more of the defendants such that any individuality and separateness between or among those defendants has ceased, and defendants are the alter egos of one another. Defendants exercised domination and control over one another to such an extent that any individuality or separateness of defendants does not, and at all times herein mentioned did not, exist. Adherence to the fiction of the separate existence of defendants would permit abuse of the corporate privilege and would sanction fraud and promote injustice. All actions of all defendants were taken by employees, supervisors, executives, officers, and directors during employment with all defendants, were taken on behalf of all defendants, and were engaged in, authorized, rati-

fied, and approved of by all other defendants.

- 5. Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, and Fire Exchange directly and indirectly employed plaintiff Rudnicki, as defined in the Fair Employment and Housing Act ("FEHA") at Government Code section 12926(d).
- 6. In addition, defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, and Fire Exchange compelled, coerced, aided, and abetted the discrimination, which is prohibited under California Government Code section 12940(i).
- 7. Finally, at all relevant times mentioned herein, all defendants acted as agents of all other defendants in committing the acts alleged herein, including "aiding, abetting, inciting, compelling, or coercing, or attempting to, the doing of any of the facts forbidden under California Government Code section 12940.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- 8. *Plaintiff's hiring:* Plaintiff Rudnicki, a 64-year-old disabled man, began his employment with Farmers in August of 1979, as a trial attorney.
- 9. *Plaintiff's job performance:* Plaintiff was promoted to supervising attorney in 1989, to managing attorney in 1997, and to division attorney in 2002. He was promoted to vice president in 2005 and then to senior vice president in 2013. As senior vice president, Rudnicki ran the in-house branch legal offices, overseeing more than 58 offices, 500 attorneys, and 350 staff members around the United States. He had control and oversight of an annual in-house budget of \$140 million. He also had oversight over the outside panel of the law firms and the legal vendors with approximate annual expenditures of \$200 million.
 - 10. Plaintiff's protected status and activity:
 - a. Plaintiff is more than 40 years old.
 - b. Plaintiff is male.

in management in the department. By 2016, that number had increased to approximately 26 female attorneys in management.

- c. Furthermore, Rudnicki did not have the sole oversight of employee salaries. First of all, the human resources department set the parameters for employees' wages. Second, each salary was determined by an applicant's own requests and negotiation with her direct supervisor. Third, while Rudnicki and human resources business partner vice president Elliott were both responsible for ensuring that there was no discrimination in wages, both Elliot and Daly had authority to overrule Rudnicki's decisions and had ultimate authority to determine salary. Neither Elliott nor Daly was terminated.
- 13. *Economic damages:* As a consequence of defendants' conduct, plaintiff has suffered and will suffer harm, including lost past and future income and employment benefits, damage to his career, and lost wages, overtime, unpaid expenses, and penalties, as well as interest on unpaid wages at the legal rate from and after each payday on which those wages should have been paid, in a sum to be proven at trial.
- 14. *Non-economic damages:* As a consequence of defendants' conduct, plaintiff has suffered and will suffer psychological and emotional distress, humiliation, and mental and physical pain and anguish, in a sum to be proven at trial.
- 15. *Punitive damages:* Defendants' conduct constitutes oppression, fraud, and/or malice under California Civil Code section 3294 and, thus, entitles plaintiff to an award of exemplary and/or punitive damages.
- a. *Malice:* Defendants' conduct was committed with malice within the meaning of California Civil Code section 3294, including that (a) defendants acted with intent to cause injury to plaintiff and/or acted with reckless disregard for plaintiff's injury, including by terminating plaintiff and/or taking other adverse job actions against plaintiff because of his age, disability, medical leave, and/or good faith complaints, and/or (b) defendants' conduct was despicable and committed in willful and conscious disregard of plaintiff's rights, health, and safety, including plaintiff's right to be free of discrimination, harassment, retaliation, abuse of the requirements of accommodation and

engaging in the interactive process, and wrongful termination.

- b. *Oppression:* In addition, and/or alternatively, defendants' conduct was committed with oppression within the meaning of California Civil Code section 3294, including that defendants' actions against plaintiff because of his age, disability, medical leave, and/or good faith complaints were "despicable" and subjected plaintiff to cruel and unjust hardship, in knowing disregard of plaintiff's rights to a work place free of discrimination, harassment, retaliation, abuse of the requirements of accommodation and engaging in the interactive process, and wrongful termination.
- c. *Fraud*: In addition, and/or alternatively, defendants' conduct, as alleged, was fraudulent within the meaning of California Civil Code section 3294, including that defendants asserted false (pretextual) grounds for terminating plaintiff and/or other adverse job actions, thereby to cause plaintiff hardship and deprive him of legal rights.
- 16. Attorneys' fees: Plaintiff has incurred and continues to incur legal expenses and attorneys' fees as seeks attorney's fees under Government Code section 12965(b) and other applicable statutes.

EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES

17. Exhaustion of administrative remedies: Prior to filing this action, plaintiff exhausted his administrative remedies by filing timely administrative complaints with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing ("DFEH") and receiving DFEH right-to-sue letters. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 and incorporated herein by reference are the DFEH administrative complaints and DFEH right-to-sue notices respectively filed with and issued by the DFEH. All allegations in the instant civil Complaint are either like or reasonably related to the charges raised in the DFEH charges filed by plaintiff.

|| ///

///

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Retaliation in Violation of Government Code

§ 12940(h)—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange,

Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A.,

Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire

Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)

- 18. The allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 17 are re-alleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 19. At all times herein mentioned, FEHA, Government Code section 12940(h), was in full force and effect and was binding on defendants. This statute states that it is an unlawful employment practice in California for an employer to:

Discharge, expel, or otherwise discriminate against any person because the person has opposed any practices forbidden under this part or because the person has filed a complaint, testified, or assisted in any proceeding under this part.

- 20. At all times herein mentioned, 2 California Code of Regulations section 11021 has provided as follows:
 - (a) Retaliation Generally. It is unlawful for an employer or other covered entity to demote, suspend, reduce, fail to hire or consider for hire, fail to give equal consideration in making employment decisions, fail to treat impartially in the context of any recommendations for subsequent employment that the employer or other covered entity may make, adversely affect working conditions or otherwise deny any employment benefit to an individual because that individual has opposed practices prohibited by the Act or has filed a complaint, testified, assisted or participated in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing conducted by the Council or Department or its staff.
 - (1) Opposition to practices prohibited by the Act includes, but is not limited to:
 - (A) Seeking the advice of the Department or Council, whether or not a complaint is filed, and if a complaint is filed, whether or not the complaint is ultimately sustained;
 - (B) Assisting or advising any person in seeking the advice of the Department or Council, whether or not a complaint is filed, and if a complaint is filed, whether or not the complaint is ultimately sustained;

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

2223

24

25

26

27

28

- (C) Opposing employment practices that an individual reasonably believes to exist and believes to be a violation of the Act;
- (D) Participating in an activity that is perceived by the employer or other covered entity as opposition to discrimination, whether or not so intended by the individual expressing the opposition; or
- (E) Contacting, communicating with or participating in the proceeding of a local human rights or civil rights agency regarding employment discrimination on a basis enumerated in the Act.
- (2) Assistance with or participation in the proceedings of the Council or Department includes, but is not limited to:
- (A) Contacting, communicating with or participating in the proceedings of the Department or Council due to a good faith belief that the Act has been violated;

or

(B) Involvement as a potential witness, which an employer or other covered entity perceives as participation in an activity of the Department or the Council.

. . .

- (b) Exception for Reasonable Discipline. Nothing in these regulations shall be construed to prevent an employer or other covered entity from enforcing reasonable disciplinary policies and practices, nor from demonstrating that the actions of an applicant or employee were either disruptive or otherwise detrimental to legitimate business interests so as to justify the denial of an employment benefit.
- 21. Defendants' conduct, as alleged, violated FEHA, Government Code section 12940(h), and defendants committed unlawful employment practices, including violating the above statute and regulations by retaliating against plaintiff for seeking to exercise rights guaranteed under FEHA and/or assisting and/or participating in an investigation, opposing defendants' failure to provide rights, including rights to complain and to assist in a lawsuit, and/or the right to be free of retaliation, in violation of Government Code section 12940(h).
- 22. As a proximate result of defendants' willful, knowing, and intentional retaliation against plaintiff, plaintiff has sustained and continues to sustain substantial losses of earnings and other employment benefits.
 - 23. As a proximate result of defendants' willful, knowing, and intentional retalia-

tion against plaintiff, plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer humiliation, emotional distress, and physical and mental pain and anguish, all to his damage in a sum according to proof.

- 24. Plaintiff has incurred and continues to incur legal expenses and attorneys' fees. Pursuant to Government Code section 12965(b), plaintiff is entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs (including expert costs) in an amount according to proof.
- 25. Defendants' misconduct was committed, ratified, and authorized intentionally, in a malicious, despicable, oppressive, and fraudulent manner, by defendants' officers, directors, and managing agents, entitling plaintiff to punitive damages against all defendants.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of FEHA (Government Code § 12900, et seq.)

(Age Discrimination)—Against Defendants Farmers

Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich,

Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck

Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)

- 26. The allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 25 are re-alleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 27. At all times herein mentioned, FEHA, Government Code section 12940(a), *et seq.*, was in full force and effect and was binding on defendants. This statute requires defendants to refrain from discriminating against any employee because he or she is more than 40 years old, as follows:

It is an unlawful employment practice, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification, or, except where based upon applicable security regulations established by the United States or the State of California:

(a) For an employer, because of the race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, sexual orientation, or military and veteran status of any person, to refuse to hire or employ the person or

to refuse to select the person for a training program leading to employment, or to bar or to discharge the person from employment or from a training program leading to employment, or to discriminate against the person in compensation or in terms, conditions, or privileges of employment.

- 28. Within the time provided by law, plaintiff filed complaints with the DFEH, in full compliance with administrative requirements, and received right-to-sue letters.
- 29. During plaintiff's employment with defendants, defendants engaged in actions that had a negative impact on the treatment of employees who were more than 40 years old. Specifically, defendants discharged older employees with greater frequency than younger employees, hired fewer employees who were older than 40, and gave better jobs and benefits to younger employees.
- 30. During plaintiff's employment with defendants, defendants intentionally engaged in age discrimination by discharging employees over the age of 40 with greater frequency than other employees. During plaintiff's employment with defendants, defendants had a pattern and practice of discriminating against employees who were more than 40 years old.
- 31. Plaintiff was a qualified employee at the time of his termination, he was more than 40 years old, and he was replaced by an employee substantially younger than he is, raising an inference of discrimination on such application, among other forms of evidence.
- 32. Defendants made a number of comments to and about plaintiff that exhibited ageist motivations, intentions, and consciousness. Plaintiff believes and on that basis alleges that defendants' real motivation was to discharge him because of his age.
- 33. Defendants' conduct, as alleged, violated FEHA, and defendants committed unlawful employment practices.
- 34. On the basis of the above, plaintiff believes and alleges that his age was a substantial motivating factor in defendants' termination of his employment.
- 35. As a proximate result of defendants' willful, knowing, and intentional discrimination against plaintiff, plaintiff has sustained and continues to sustain substantial losses

of earnings and other employment benefits.

- 36. As a proximate result of defendants' willful, knowing, and intentional discrimination against plaintiff, plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer humiliation, emotional distress, and mental and physical pain and anguish, all to his damage in a sum according to proof.
- 37. Plaintiff has incurred and continues to incur legal expenses and attorneys' fees. Pursuant to Government Code section 12965(b), plaintiff is entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs (including expert costs) in an amount according to proof.
- 38. Defendants' misconduct was committed, ratified, and authorized intentionally, in a malicious, despicable, oppressive, and fraudulent manner, by defendants' officers, directors, and managing agents, entitling plaintiff to punitive damages against all defendants.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of FEHA (Government § 12900, et seq.) (Gender Discrimination)—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)

- 39. The allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 38 are re-alleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 40. Plaintiff's gender and/or other characteristics protected by FEHA, Government Code section 12900, *et seq.*, were motivating factors in defendants' decision not to retain, hire, or otherwise employ plaintiff in any position and/or to take other adverse employment actions, including termination, against plaintiff.
- 41. Defendants' conduct, as alleged, violated FEHA, Government Code section 12900, *et seq.*, and defendants committed unlawful employment practices, including by the following, separate bases for liability:

(ĺ
	,
;	8
	9
10	C
1	1
12	
1.	-
1	_
1:	
10	
1	
13	
19	
20	
2	
23	
23	
24	4
2:	٩
20	
2	/
28	R

- a. Barring, discharging, refusing to transfer, retain, hire, select, and/or employ, and/or otherwise discriminating against plaintiff, in whole or in part on the basis of plaintiff's gender and/or other protected characteristics, in violation of Government Code section 12940(a);
- b. Failing to take all reasonable steps to prevent discrimination, harassment, and retaliation based on gender in violation of Government Code section 12940(k).
- 42. As a proximate result of defendants' willful, knowing, and intentional discrimination against plaintiff, plaintiff has sustained and continues to sustain substantial losses of earnings and other employment benefits.
- 43. As a proximate result of defendants' willful, knowing, and intentional discrimination against plaintiff, plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer humiliation, emotional distress, and physical and mental pain and anguish, all to his damage in a sum according to proof.
- 44. Defendants' misconduct was committed intentionally, in a malicious, fraudulent, and oppressive manner, entitling plaintiff to punitive damages against defendants.
- 45. Plaintiff has incurred and continues to incur legal expenses and attorneys' fees. Pursuant to Government Code section 12965(b), plaintiff is entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs (including expert costs) in an amount according to proof.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of FEHA (Government Code § 12900, et seq.)
(Disability Discrimination)—Against Defendants Farmers
Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich,
Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck
Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)

- 46. The allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 45 are re-alleged and incorporated herein by reference.
 - 47. Plaintiff's actual, perceived, and/or history of disability and/or other character-

28

1

istics protected by FEHA, Government Code section 12900, et seq., were substantial motivating factors in defendants' decision to terminate plaintiff, not to retain, hire, or otherwise employ plaintiff in any position, to refuse to accommodate plaintiff, to refuse to engage in the interactive process, and/or to take other adverse job actions against plaintiff.

- 48. Government Code section 12926(m) provides:
 - (m) "Physical disability" includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - (1) Having any physiological disease, disorder, condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss that does both of the following:
 - (A) Affects one or more of the following body systems: neurological, immunological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, respiratory, including speech organs, cardiovascular, reproductive, digestive, genitourinary, hemic and lymphatic, skin, and endocrine.
 - **(B)** Limits a major life activity. For purposes of this section:
 - (i) "Limits" shall be determined without regard to mitigating measures such as medications, assistive devices, prosthetics, or reasonable accommodations, unless the mitigating measure itself limits a major life activity.
 - (ii) A physiological disease, disorder, condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss limits a major life activity if it makes the achievement of the major life activity difficult.
 - (iii) "Major life activities" shall be broadly construed and includes physical, mental, and social activities and working.
 - (2) Any other health impairment not described in paragraph (1) that requires special education or related services.
 - (3) Having a record or history of a disease, disorder, condition, cosmetic disfigurement, anatomical loss, or health impairment described in paragraph (1) or (2), which is known to the employer or other entity covered by this part.
 - (4) Being regarded or treated by the employer or other entity covered by this part as having, or having had, any physical condition that makes achievement of a major life activity difficult.
 - (5) Being regarded or treated by the employer or other entity covered by this part as having, or having had, a disease, disorder, condition, cosmetic disfigurement, anatomical loss, or health impairment that has no present disabling effect but may become a physical disability as described in paragraph (1) or (2).

- 49. Defendants' conduct, as alleged, violated FEHA, Government Code section 12900, *et seq.*, and defendants committed unlawful employment practices, including by the following, separate bases for liability:
- a. Discharging, barring, refusing to transfer, retain, hire, select, and/or employ, and/or otherwise discriminating against plaintiff, in whole or in part on the basis of plaintiff's actual, perceived, and/or history of physical disability and/or other protected characteristics, in violation of Government Code section 12940(a);
- b. Failing to accommodate plaintiff's actual, perceived, and/or history of physical disability, in violation of Government Code section 12940(m);
- c. Failing to engage in a timely, good faith interactive process to determine reasonable accommodation, in violation of Government Code section 12940(n);
- d. Failing to take all reasonable steps to prevent discrimination, harassment, and retaliation based on actual, perceived, and/or history of physical disability, in violation of Government Code section 12940(k);
- e. Retaliating against plaintiff for seeking to exercise rights guaranteed under FEHA and/or opposing defendants' failure to provide such rights, including rights of reasonable accommodation, rights of interactive process, leave rights, and/or the right to be free of discrimination, in violation of Government Code section 12940(h);
- f. Failing to provide plaintiff with requisite statutory leave, violating notice and/or other procedural requisites of leave, and/or retaliating against plaintiff for taking leave, in violation of Government Code section 12945.2.
- 50. As a proximate result of defendants' willful, knowing, and intentional discrimination against plaintiff, plaintiff has sustained and continues to sustain substantial losses of earnings and other employment benefits.
- 51. As a proximate result of defendants' willful, knowing, and intentional discrimination against plaintiff, plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer humiliation, emotional distress, and physical and mental pain and anguish, all to his damage in a sum according to proof.

- 52. Plaintiff has incurred and continues to incur legal expenses and attorneys' fees. Pursuant to Government Code section 12965(b), plaintiff is entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs (including expert costs) in an amount according to proof.
- 53. Defendants' misconduct was committed, ratified, and authorized intentionally, in a malicious, despicable, oppressive, and fraudulent manner, by defendants' officers, directors, and managing agents, entitling plaintiff to punitive damages against all defendants.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Express Oral Contract Not to Terminate Without Good Cause)—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)

- 54. The allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 53 are re-alleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 55. Defendants, through their agents, entered an oral agreement not to terminate plaintiff except for good cause. Plaintiff and defendants, through their supervisors, made mutual promises of consideration pursuant to this oral agreement. Plaintiff performed all duties required of him under the agreement by performing his job in an exemplary manner.
- 56. Defendants and their managers and supervisors terminated plaintiff without good cause, violating the express oral contract they had with him.
- 57. As a proximate result of defendants' willful breach of the express oral contract not to terminate without good cause, plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer damages, including losses of earnings and benefits, in a sum according to proof.

27 | /// 28 | ///

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Implied-in-Fact Contract Not to Terminate Without Good Cause—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)

- 58. The allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 57 are re-alleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 59. On the basis of oral assurances of continued employment given to plaintiff by defendants' supervisors at the commencement of his employment, the length of plaintiff's employment with defendants (37 years), defendants' actual practice of terminating employment for cause, and the industry standard for the business defendants engaged in of terminating employment only for cause, plaintiff and defendants shared the actual understanding that plaintiff could and would be terminated only for cause. This shared understanding resulted in an implied contract requiring that defendants have good cause to terminate plaintiff.
- 60. The assurances given to plaintiff in the form of accolades from his supervisors include the following:
- a. Mid-year review, 2007, by Jason Katz: "Andrew continues to perform at a high level. His department results are excellent and he continues to be innovative in his approaches seeking regular improvement . . . proving himself to be an excellent manager of the Claims Litigation Department."
- b. Year-end review, 2007, by Jason Katz: "Andrew has had an excellent year. His department has exceeded its goals in virtually every category and he has stepped up his leadership training throughout the department . . . it has been an excellent year for him and it has been a pleasure to have him as a member of my staff."
- c. Mid-year review, 2008, by Jason Katz: "The department's results are excellent for the first half . . . Andrew looks on track for another excellent year."

26

27

28

	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
	7	
	8	
	9	
1	0	
1	1	
1	2	
1	3	
1	4	
1	5	
1	6	
1	7	
1	8	
	9	
	0	
2	1	

d. Y	ear-end review,	2008, by Franl	k Ceglar, Jr.: '	"Andy runs	one of the bes
run and most c	cost effective and	efficient opera	itions at Farmer	rs while hand	lling his ethica
and moral resp	oonsibilities to hi	s clients, the F	armers Custom	ers, and his	client, Farmer
Claims."					

- e. Mid-year review, 2009, by Bryan Murphy: "I am look [sic] for continued progress as we move forward."
- f. Year-end review, 2009, by Bryan Murphy: "As Andy points out, he and his team have done a lot in 09 and they have done it well. He is on the right path and I am both pleased with where we are and also what will be accomplished . . . "
 - g. Mid-year review, 2010, by Bryan Murphy: No negative comments.
- h. Year-end review, 2010, by Bryan Murphy: "Andy had a great year. More jury trials to verdict in the history of Farmers and at a very competitive price . . . it is apparent that Andy is visibly driving for that High Performance Culture."
- i. Mid-year review, 2011, by Bryan Murphy: "You show up and participate in all the classes, our non-profit activities as well as the social aspects around our leadership programs. That is invaluable and not lost on me. You do that better than anyone else on the team. Thank you for that too."
- j. Year-end review, 2011, by Bryan Murphy: "I am happy in terms of where we are with litigation and particularly the changes Andy has made at the end of the year around his leadership team . . . his enthusiasm for reaching new heights is palpable . . . Andy continues to evolve . . . "
- k. Mid-year review, 2012, by Bryan Murphy: Murphy indicates that he agrees with Rudnicki's positive self-assessment.
- 1. Year-end review, 2012, by Bryan Murphy: "I believe you had a very strong year within Litigation and all things legal. You have raised the bar and moved people who were unable to get to the next level."
- m. Mid-year review, 2013, by Bryan Murphy: "Andy has his area performing up to expectations and his leadership style continues to expand his circle of influence

within the overall claims department. I am pleased with his performance."

- n. Year-end review, 2013, by Bryan Murphy: "Andy continues to do a good job and is now pushing on leadership data analysis and technology, and is making good progress."
- o. Mid-year review, 2014, by Keith Daly: "At the mid-year Andy continues to perform as expected and plays a key role on the Sr. Team."
- p. Year-end review, 2014, by Keith Daly: "Andy continues to be a valued member of the Claims team, he brings a style and grace that makes our team better. His department is efficient and is operating as desired . . . overall year end rating is fully meeting expectations."
- q. Mid-year review, 2015, by Keith Daly: "At the mid-year you are successful."
 - r. Year-end review, 2015, by Keith Daly: Rudnicki meets all expectations.
- s. University of Farmers list of training completed by Rudnicki: A long list of mostly online training courses indicates that Rudnicki completed all of them from 2009 to 2016.
- t. June 23, 2005 letter from Jason Katz to Rudnicki: The letter congratulates Rudnicki on becoming vice president of claims litigation.
- u. Performance review, 2002: Rudnicki was rated "satisfactory" or "outstanding" in almost all categories.
- v. March 2, 2005 letter from Martin Feinstein to Rudnicki re "2004 Discretionary Management Incentive Program": The letter thanks Rudnicki for his personal contributions and states that he is to receive an award of \$35,000.00 under the DMIP program.
- w. April 2, 2002 letter from Martin Feinstein to Rudnicki re "2001 Discretionary Management Incentive Program": The letter thanks Rudnicki for his efforts and work and states that he is to receive an award of \$20,000.00 under the DMIP program.
 - x. June 29, 2001 letter from Marcus Baukol to Jason Katz and general counsel

re "Andrew M.P. Rudnicki—Promotion": The letter recommends that Rudnicki be promoted to managing attorney for the Los Angeles legal office.

- y. Performance review, 1999: Rudnicki met or exceeded expectations in all categories. The review includes extensive positive comments.
- z. Performance review, 1998: Rudnicki met or exceeded almost all expectations.
- aa. June 20, 1997 inter-office correspondence from Stephen Price to Jason Katz re "Ventura Blo—Managing Attorney (Rudnicki)": Price recommends Rudnicki for promotion to managing attorney of the Ventura branch legal office, which was opening soon, and discusses the "outstanding" job he did for six weeks as temporary manager of the problematic Sacramento office.
- bb. July 15, 1997 inter-office correspondence from HR to Rudnicki re "Workshop—HR in Session": The letter congratulates Rudnicki on completing the workshop.
 - cc. Performance review, 1997: Rudnicki met or exceeded all expectations.
 - dd. Undated performance review: Rudnicki met or exceeded all expectations.
- ee. Performance résumé for Rudnicki: This letter from Marcus Baukol commends Rudnicki for his strong performance and reflects on his accomplishments.
- ff. Performance review, 1996: Rudnicki met or exceeded all expectations. The review includes strong positive comments.
- gg. August 19, 1996 letter from Marcus Baukol to Rudnicki: Baukol congratulates Rudnicki on earning a spot bonus of \$2,500.00 and commends him for his dedication and hard work while covering for a co-worker who was on extended leave.
- hh. February 12, 1996 letter from Marcus Baukol to Stephen Price re "Salary Consideration for Attorney Andrew Rudnicki": The letter cites a performance review and recommends a salary raise for Rudnicki.
- ii. Performance review, 1995: Rudnicki met or exceeded almost all expectations.
 - jj. February 15, 1995 letter from Stephen Price to Edward Morris re "Salary

Consideration for Attorney Andrew Rudnicki": The letter cites a performance review and recommends a salary raise for Rudnicki. It talks in some detail about Rudnicki's positive traits, positive performance, and an excellent past year from a litigation standpoint.

- kk. Performance review, 1994: A generally positive review.
- ll. February 11, 1994 letter from Stephen Price to Edward Morris re "Performance/Salary Review—Andrew Rudnicki": The letter cites a performance review and recommends a salary raise for Rudnicki.
 - mm. Performance review, 1993: Rudnicki met most of his expectations.
- nn. June 28, 1993 letter from HR to Rudnicki re "Management Development—Partners in Progress": The letter congratulates Rudnicki on completing a "Partners in Progress" workshop.
- oo. Performance review, 1992: This review includes a letter from the manager that is largely positive about Rudnicki's performance and lists his accomplishments for the year.
- pp. December 12, 1991 letter from HR Operations to Rudnicki re "Management Development—Employee Relations Workshop": The letter congratulates Rudnicki on completing an "Employee Relations Workshop."
- qq. September 6, 1991 letter from HR Operations to Rudnicki re "Maintaining Effective Discipline Workshop": The letter congratulates Rudnicki on completing a "Maintaining Effective Discipline Workshop."
- rr. June 21, 1991 letter from HR Operations to Rudnicki re "Management Development—Financial Management at Farmers": The letter congratulates Rudnicki on completing a "Financial Management at Farmers" workshop.
- ss. March 2, 1990 letter from HR Operations to Rudnicki re "Behavioral Laboratory Workshop": The letter congratulates Rudnicki on completing the first of a series of "Management Development Workshops."
 - tt. Performance review, 1989: This review includes a letter from the manager

that is very positive about Rudnicki's performance and lists his accomplishments during the year.

uu. February 8, 1990 letter from Stephen Price re "Rudnicki, Andrew": February 8, 1990 letter from Stephen Price re "Rudnicki, Andrew": The letter, written in support of a salary raise recommendation for Rudnicki, talks about his positive performance, knowledge, and work ethic, among other things.

vv. January 2, 1990 inter-office correspondence from HR Operations to Rudnicki re "Management Development—Interviewing and Selection Workshop": The letter congratulates Rudnicki on completing an "Interviewing and Selection Workshop."

ww. August 4, 1989 letter from Stephen Price re "Rudnicki, Andrew": The letter, in support of a pay raise recommendation for Rudnicki, documents that he will take on demanding administrative and training functions, as well as maintaining his healthy medical malpractice case load.

xx. May 12, 1989 letter from Richard Rossnagel re "Salary Recommendation": The letter discusses Rudnicki as a ten-year veteran of the law firm and states that he is capable of handling a broad spectrum of complicated cases and able to take cases to trial on short notice and still get defense verdicts: "I fully expect that with the proper motivation, Mr. Rudnicki will be a positive influence and leader in the evolution of this firm."

yy. June, 1988 letter from John Peterson re "Andrew Rudnicki": Another letter in support of a salary increase recommendation discusses Rudnicki's performance, including his specific trial victories.

zz. May 25, 1988 letter from C.E. Nutt re "Andrew Rudnicki": The letter supports a salary increase recommendation for Rudnicki.

aaa. Performance review, 1987: This strong performance review that includes a detailed letter about Rudnicki's performance, including discussion of his trial victories.

bbb. Performance review, 1986: A strong performance review includes a detailed letter regarding Rudnicki's performance, including discussion of his trial victories.

ccc. July 29, 1986 letter from C.E. Nutt to Jason Katz re "Andrew Rudnicki":

This letter in support of a pay increase for Rudnicki includes a specific mention that his salary is low and that attorneys with less experience are making more than he is.

ddd. July 22, 1986 letter from John Peterson to Charles Nutt re "Andrew Rudnicki": The letter discusses Rudnicki's salary in comparison to those of other attorneys and recommends raising his salary by 13.5%.

eee. Performance review, 1985: This strong performance review includes a detailed letter regarding Rudnicki's taking on trials, arbitration, many depositions, settlement conferences, etc.

fff. August, 1985 letter from Charles Nutt re "Andrew Rudnicki": A letter in support of a pay raise includes specific details of Rudnicki's past trials and states that "he is becoming a very competent defense trial lawyer specializing in malpractice cases."

ggg. Performance review, 1984: A strong performance review includes a detailed letter about Rudnicki's performance and his desire to take on trial cases.

hhh. August, 1984 letter from J. Leavey re "Rudnicki, Andrew": The letter documents approval of a 13.5% pay raise for Rudnicki.

iii. Performance review, 1984: A strong performance review states that Rudnicki has handled six malpractice cases, is getting experience with arbitration, and has tried one jury case with satisfactory verdict. "[H]e should become a very fine defense lawyer specializing in the trial of malpractice areas."

jjj. February, 1983 letter from C.E. Nutt re "Andrew Rudnicki": This letter in support of a pay raise for Rudnicki includes positive comments on his performance.

kkk. Performance review, 1982: A strong performance review includes a letter discussing Rudnicki's solid work in arbitration matters and his eagerness for jury trial experience.

Ill. Performance review, 1981: A strong performance review states that Rudnicki has made considerable progress and is gaining confidence in his ability to obtain jury trial experience.

mmm. July, 1981 letter from Charles Nutt re "Andrew Rudnicki": The letter comments on Rudnicki's strong skills and performance.

nnn. January, 1980 letter from Charles Nutt re "Andrew Rudnicki": The letter provides background on Rudnicki and states that he is anxious to start handling cases before juries. It also states that he has the potential to develop into a good trial lawyer.

- 61. Defendants and their managers and supervisors terminated plaintiff without good cause, violating the implied-in-fact contract they had with him.
- 62. As a proximate result of defendants' willful breach of the implied-in-fact contract not to terminate without good cause, plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer damages, including losses of earnings and benefits, in a sum according to proof.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Coerced Self-Defamation (Civil Code §§ 45, 46)—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)

- 63. The allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 62 are re-alleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 64. Defendants falsely informed individuals other than plaintiff that plaintiff had discriminated against women, sexually harassed a woman, and made an offensive joke about lesbians. These representations constituted defamation *per se*, imputing to plaintiff a crime and/or loathsome action involving his profession.
- 65. When defendants terminated plaintiff because of the acts they alleged he committed or was suspected of, they knew that plaintiff would be under a strong compulsion to repeat these comments to prospective employers. Plaintiff was and is under a compulsion to repeat defendants' defamatory statements and has told others about these false statements.

- 66. As a result, plaintiff has been injured in his profession and continues to be injured in his profession. Plaintiff has sustained and continues to sustain losses of earnings and other employment benefits.
- 67. As a proximate result of defendants' willful, knowing, and intentional false representations about plaintiff, plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer humiliation and mental pain and anguish and other non-economic damages, all to his damage in a sum according to proof.
- 68. Defendants' misconduct was committed intentionally, in a malicious, despicable, oppressive, and fraudulent manner, entitling plaintiff to punitive damages against defendants.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Wrongful Termination in Violation of Public Policy—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)

- 69. The allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 68 are re-alleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 70. Defendants terminated plaintiff in violation of various fundamental public policies underlying both state and federal laws. Specifically, plaintiff was terminated in part because of his protected status (*i.e.*, age, disability, gender, participating in a protected
- This action was in violation of FEHA, the California Constitution, and California Labor Code section 1102.5, among other laws, and the public policies behind such laws.
 - 71. As a proximate result of defendants' wrongful termination of plaintiff' in viola-

tion of fundamental public policies, plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer humiliation, emotional distress, and mental and physical pain and anguish, all to his damage in a sum according to proof.

- 72. As a result of defendants' wrongful termination of him, plaintiff has suffered general and special damages in sums according to proof.
- 73. Defendants' wrongful termination of plaintiff was done intentionally, in a malicious, fraudulent, oppressive manner, entitling plaintiff to punitive damages.
- 74. Plaintiff has incurred and continues to incur legal expenses and attorneys' fees. Pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure sections 1021.5 and 1032, *et seq.*, plaintiff is entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in an amount according to proof.

NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violations of Labor Code § 1102.5, et seq.—Against Defendants Farmers Exchange, Farmers Group, Zurich Insurance, Zurich, Zurich N.A., Farmers, Inc., Zurich Company, Truck Exchange, Fire Exchange, and Does 1 to 100, Inclusive)

- 75. The allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 74 are re-alleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 76. At all relevant times, Labor Code section 1102.5 was in effect and was binding on defendants. This statute prohibits defendants from retaliating against any employee, including plaintiff, for raising complaints of illegality.
- 77. Plaintiff raised complaints of illegality while he worked for defendants, and defendants retaliated against him by discriminating against him, harassing him, and taking adverse employment actions, including termination, against him.
- 78. As a proximate result of defendants' willful, knowing, and intentional violations of Labor Code section 1102.5, plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer humiliation, emotional distress, and mental and physical pain and anguish, all to his damage in

1	a sum according to proof.
2	79. As a result of defendants' adverse employment actions against plaintiff, plain-
3	tiff has suffered general and special damages in sums according to proof.
4	80. Defendants' misconduct was committed intentionally, in a malicious, oppres-
5	sive and fraudulent manner, entitling plaintiff to punitive damages against defendants.
6	
7	PRAYER
8	WHEREFORE, plaintiff, Andrew Rudnicki, prays for judgment against defendants
9	as follows:
10	1. For general and special damages according to proof;
11	2. For exemplary damages, according to proof;
12	3. For pre-judgment and post-judgment interest on all damages awarded;
13	4. For reasonable attorneys' fees;
14	5. For costs of suit incurred;
15	6. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.
16	
17	ADDITIONALLY, plaintiff, Andrew Rudnicki, demands trial of this matter by
18	jury. The amount demanded by plaintiff exceeds \$25,000.00 (Government Code
19	§ 72055).
20	
21	Dated: August 29, 2017 SHEGERIAN & ASSOCIATES, INC.
22	$\alpha + \alpha \alpha$
23	By: <u>Canner Shegerian</u> Carney R Shegerian Esq.
24	Attorneys for Plaintiff,
25 26	ANDRÉW RUDNICKI
27	
41	

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

11

12

X

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

 \boxtimes

2324

25

2627

28

PROOF OF SERVICE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

I am an employee in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action; my business address is 225 Santa Monica Boulevard, Suite 700, Santa Monica, California 90401.

On August 29, 2017, I served the foregoing document, described as "PLAINTIFF ANDREW RUDNICKI'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES" on all interested parties in this action by placing a true copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed as follows:

Lynne C. Hermle, Esq. Shannon B. Seekao, Esq. ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP 1000 Marsh Road Menlo Park, California 94025-1015

(BY MAIL)	As follows:
-----------	-------------

- I placed such envelope, with postage thereon prepaid, in the United States mail at Santa Monica, California.
- (BY FED EX) I placed such envelope in a designated Federal Express pick-up box at Santa Monica, California.
- I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice, it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day, with postage thereon fully prepaid, at Santa Monica, California, in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that, on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if the postal cancellation or postage meter date is more than one day after the date of deposit for mailing in this affidavit.
 - (BY PERSONAL SERVICE) I caused such envelope to be delivered by hand to the attorney at the offices of the addressee.
 - (BY ELECTRONIC MAIL) I sent such document via facsimile mail to the number(s) noted above.
 - (STATE) I declare, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California, that the above is true and correct.

Executed on August 29, 2017, at Santa Monica, California.

Jose Castro